Newspapers are an essential primary source for students and researchers across the curriculum:

- **Explore Perspectives Across the Span of Time**
  Coverage spans more than a century for in-depth insights into how stories and perspectives evolved over the decades. Search and browse cover to cover into local and regional views, events and people.

- **Key source for missing historical information**
  Looking for details omitted from other historical publications? Newspapers are an excellent record of fine points and facts that are overlooked elsewhere.

- **Cover to cover searchable access**
  Beyond feature articles and breaking stories, newspaper editorials, advertisements, cartoons, obituaries and classified ads provide valuable primary source information and contextual understanding.

- **User-friendly platform and search experience**
  Our newspapers are cross-searchable with all other content on the ProQuest platform for a broader scope of research insights across multiformat sources. Additionally, full-text, greyscale and color images easily downloadable in PDF format.
INVESTIGATE DECADES OF CANADIAN HISTORY WITH NEWSPAPERS

Newspapers provide multiple perspectives of how stories unfolded – and continue to unfold – over years and decades. They reveal local perspectives on regional, national and international affairs providing insight on how everyday lives are impacted and influenced.

May 1934

Congratulations pour in for Franco-Ontariens Elzire and Oliva Dionne for giving birth to five identical girls in this house in Corbeil, Ontario. Born on May 28, 1934, the Dionne quintuplets are the first quintuplets known to have to survive their infancy.

November 1916

Oceanliner Britannic, refitted as a hospital ship during World War I, sank quickly in the Aegean Sea after striking a mine.

June 1944

Allied troops were able to successfully land on the Normandy Coast and push inland, also known as D-Day, beginning the end of the war.

August 1974

The Toronto Zoo, originally called the Metro Toronto Zoo, opened at a size of 3 hectares (7.4 acres). It is now currently the largest zoo in Canada, at 287 hectares (710 acres). When it first opened, children above the age of ten were allowed to explore the zoo without an adult.

December 1945

The 99-day union strike on Ford comes to an end in Windsor, Ontario, allowing for the Ford Plant to reopen its doors. The strike began on September 12th and ended on December 19th when both sides settled on a temporary agreement.

April 1982

Queen Elizabeth II signed the Canadian Constitution Act, transferring control of Canada’s constitution to Canada, ending any remaining British political power.

January 1998

Toronto was greatly enlarged as a “new” single city through an amalgamation of the Municipality of Metropolitan Toronto and six lower-tier constituent municipalities.

January 2005

Ottawa celebrates the 150th anniversary of the formation of the city. While the Citizen celebrates 160 years of being the “heartbeat of the community.”
FEATURED STANDALONE TITLES THAT SHOWCASE ONTARIO’S HERITAGE

**The Globe and Mail (1844-2020)***

Known as “Canada’s Newspaper of Record,” this newspaper gained a reputation in the postwar era as the conservative voice of the business establishment, but over the years has supported such causes as the opposition to the Vietnam War and the legalization of marijuana. Regarding same-sex relationships, a 1967 editorial argued “[The state] has no right or duty to creep into the bedrooms of the nation,” a sentiment echoed by then-Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau a few weeks later. As well as covering events that have shaped Canada, *The Globe and Mail* also focuses on the day-to-day which has lead them to winning many national newspaper awards including multiple Michener Awards for public-service journalism.

**The Hamilton Spectator (1846-2010)**

COMING IN Q2 2024! *The Hamilton Spectator* is a Canadian newspaper in the port city of Hamilton in the province of Ontario. Founded by Robert Smiley in 1846, the newspaper has been a cornerstone of Hamilton’s history for over 175 years. Initially established as *The Hamilton Spectator and Journal of Commerce*, Smiley’s newspaper faced a competitive market with four existing papers in Hamilton. Despite the challenges, the paper quickly gained traction. Through the lens of *The Spectator*, Hamiltonians witnessed pivotal moments including the Great Depression and both World Wars. The newspaper became a vital source for families during wartime, delivering news from overseas and reporting on the impact of conflicts like the Dieppe Raid in 1942. *The Spectator* also delved into societal issues, tackling subjects such as poverty and environmental concerns like sewage dumping in the harbor. Some notable personalities in *The Spectator’s* history include one of the first female journalists at the paper Ella Reynolds, who wrote under the pen name Jennie Wren, and city editor Edward Morrison, known for his vitriolic pen and illustrations. The newspaper evolved with technological leaps, utilizing the telegraph to access global information.

**Ottawa Citizen (1845-2010)**

Originally established as *The Bytown Packet* in 1845, it was officially renamed the *Ottawa Citizen* in 1851 – four years before the city itself adopted the name of the region’s magnificent river. The editorial view of the *Ottawa Citizen* has varied with its changing owners, down the left-right political spectrum, providing a different viewpoint throughout Ottawa’s history. Located in Canada’s capital, it has provided its citizens with useful knowledge throughout Canadian History about what happened at City Hall or the House of Commons, accident scenes and storm disasters, the entertainment industry, and Ottawa’s Rideau Canal. Known for collecting many journalistic awards over the decades, including 40+ national newspaper awards and two Michener Awards.
FEATURED STANDALONE TITLES THAT SHOWCASE ONTARIO’S HERITAGE

**Toronto Star (1894-2021)**

Canada’s highest-circulation newspaper (based on weekly circulation), this newspaper had a major influence on the development of the nation’s social policy. In 1899, Joseph E. Atkinson became the Toronto Star editor, who then inspired the publication’s on-going commitment to advocating for social justice. Historically, the Toronto Star’s early opposition to the Nazi regime resulted in it being the first North American paper banned by the German government.

**Waterloo Region Record (1893-2010)**

COMING IN Q2 2024! The Waterloo Region Record is the daily newspaper of Southern Ontario reporting on stories of importance to the communities of Kitchener, Waterloo, and Cambridge. The newspaper started as the Daily News of Berlin founded by Peter Moyer, a former methodist preacher, on February 9, 1878. Berlin was the city of Kitchener’s name until 1916. This publication was the area’s first daily paper and had many name changes and ownership shifts in its history becoming the Kitchener-Waterloo Record in 1947 then The Record in 2004 and its present name of Waterloo Region Record in 2008. Throughout its history, The Record has been a reliable source of news, covering local, national, and international events. The Waterloo Region Record has witnessed and reported on the region’s participation in both World Wars, the Great Depression, social issues such as civil rights and environmental concerns, as well as the growth and development of the Waterloo Region, from its agricultural roots to becoming a hub for technology and innovation.

**Windsor Star (1893-2010)**

Having various name changes since its beginning in 1888, the Windsor Star finally settled on its current name in 1959. The Windsor Star covers the city’s past from the annexing of three towns, to the 99-day union strike against Ford Motor Company, to the tragic gas explosion of the Metropolitan Store. Its coverage expands to issues outside the city of Windsor to rum-running during the prohibitions era and its contribution to the World War I and World War II fighting efforts. The paper has received various awards including 20 Ontario newspaper awards, 2 national awards, a Michener Citation, and the Great Idea Awards of Newspapers Canada.
To talk to the sales department, contact us at 1-800-779-0137 or sales@proquest.com.

### AVAILABLE CANADIAN STANDALONE NEWSPAPERS TITLES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Newspaper Title</th>
<th>ProQuest Historical Newspapers</th>
<th>ProQuest Recent Newspapers</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Calgary Herald</td>
<td>1883–2010</td>
<td>2011–Recent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>– Choice Outstanding Academic Titles, 2021</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edmonton Journal</td>
<td>1903–2010</td>
<td>2011–Recent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Globe and Mail</td>
<td>1844–2020*</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>1846–2010</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leader-Post (Regina)</td>
<td>1883–2010</td>
<td>2011–Recent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montreal Gazette</td>
<td>1785–2010</td>
<td>2011–Recent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Post</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>2011–Recent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ottawa Citizen</td>
<td>1845–2010</td>
<td>2011–Recent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Province (Vancouver)</td>
<td>1894–2010</td>
<td>2011–Recent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Saskatoon Star Phoenix</td>
<td>1902–2009</td>
<td>2011–Recent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Times-Colonist (Victoria)</td>
<td>1884–2010</td>
<td>2011–Recent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Toronto Star</td>
<td>1894–2021*</td>
<td>2010–Recent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vancouver Sun</td>
<td>1912–2010</td>
<td>2011–Recent</td>
</tr>
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<td>Waterloo Region Record</td>
<td>1893–2010</td>
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</tbody>
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*additional year of coverage added each year

### THE NEED FOR NEWS

In an era where local news coverage has been on the decline, historical regional papers can transport students and researchers to another time where smaller newspapers served as the informational hub of the community. Stories about neighborhood personalities, town events, city politics, schools, agriculture, commerce and other local business aren’t available anywhere else.

Additionally, regional newspapers reveal local perspectives on national and international affairs for insight on how everyday lives are impacted and influenced by the issues and events that dominate the headlines of major metropolitan papers.

### 72% of researchers use news today

A 2017 ProQuest study shows that newspapers are a vital tool in research – they’re used by 72% of researchers and recommended by 80% of researchers who teach.